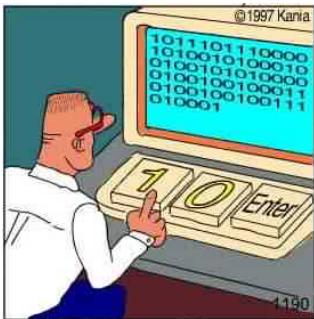


Software Visualization



Real programmers code in binary.

Lecture WS 02/03

Introduction

Introduction

- What is „Software Visualization“?
- visual metaphors
- application domains
- relevance for software engineering
- taxonomies
- visualization pipeline

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Visualization

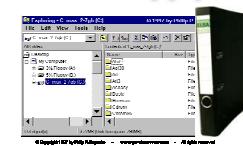
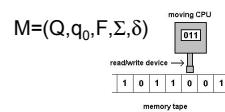
- „The senses cannot think. The understanding cannot see. By their union only can knowledge be produced.“
[Emanuel Kant]
- „Intelligence Amplification“
[Frederick Brooks]

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Metaphors

- Automata, Machines, Tapes
- Trees, Leaves, Queues
- Files, Folder, Archive
- Window



Software Visualization

- Narrow Definition
 - **Visualization of algorithms and programs.**
- Wide Definition
 - **Visualization of artefacts related to software and its development process.**
- Short
 - **Visualizing Structure, Behavior and Evolution of Software**

Algorithms and Science

- Algorithms/Programs are an essential part of nature
 - Genes, proteins, enzymes
 - conditioning, learntbehavior
- Information is neither matter nor energy
 - Einstein 1905: $E=mc^2$
 - Wiener 1950: Information is information, neither matter nor energy
- Algorithms are a kind of information
 - Wirth 1970: Programs = Algorithms + Data structures
 - Kowalski 1975: Algorithms = Logic + Control

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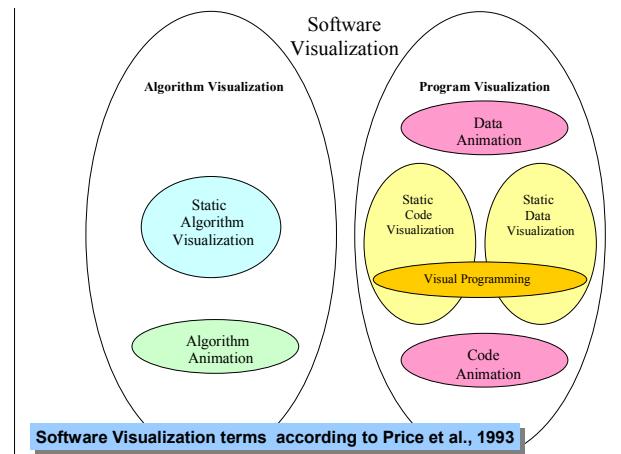
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Some Taxonomies

- Several researchers proposed taxonomies to classify software visualization research and tools.
- Myers:90 (\rightarrow next slides)
- Price et al:93 (\rightarrow next slides)
- Roman and Cox:93 (similar to Price et al.)
 - Scope (code, data state, control state, behavior), abstraction, specification method, interface, presentation
- Oudshoorn et al: 96 (\rightarrow next slides)

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Taxonomy [Price et al:93]

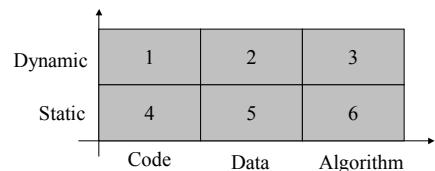
- Scope = range of programs used as inputs for the visualization
- Content = what information about the software is visualized
- Form = characteristics of output of system (e.g. medium)
- Method = how is the visualization specified
- Interaction = how does the user control the system
- Effectiveness = how well does the system communicate information to the user

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Taxonomy [Myers:90]

- Program Visualization Taxonomy
- 6 regions

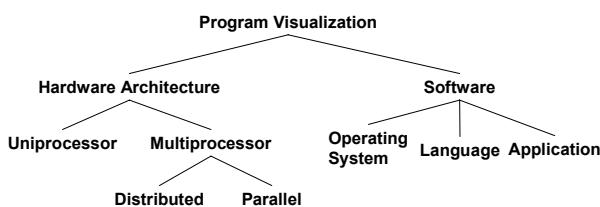


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Taxonomy [Oudshoorn_et_al:96]

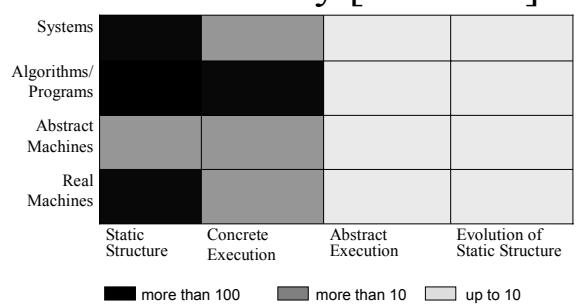
- Program Visualization Taxonomy



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Literature Survey [Diehl:02]

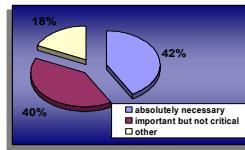


[see LNCS2269, 2002]

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Importance of Software Visualization in Software Engineering



- Rainer Koschke's Survey
 - 100 researchers from software maintenance, re-engineering and reverse engineering
 - **40 %** find Software Visualization absolutely necessary for work
 - **42 %** find it important but not critical

[see LNCS2269, 2002]

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Survey [Bassil&Keller:01]

- 107 participants mostly from industry
- Benefits of SV tools
 - Savings in time and money
 - Better comprehension of software
 - Increase in productivity and quality
 - Management of complexity
 - To find errors
 - ...
- Whishlist
 - Integration of SV tools into other (third-party) tools
 - Better import/export of data and visualizations

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Examples of SV

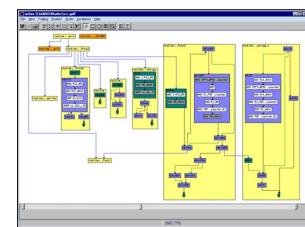
- CallGraph → Static Program Visualization
- X-Tango → Algorithm Animation
- SeeSoft → Software Evolution

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Development Tool: aiCall

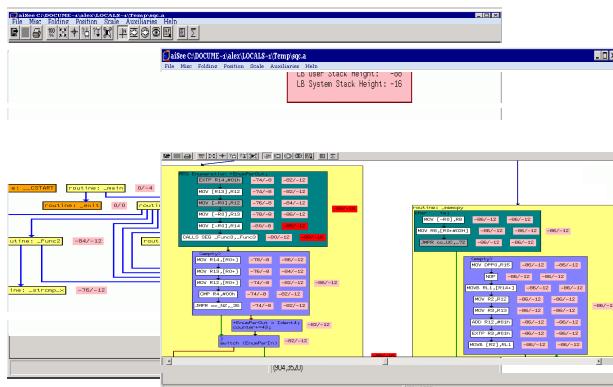
- Visualization of Control Flow Graph of Embedded Applications
 - Results of Program Analyses: here stack usage
 - to prevent runtime errors due to stack overflow



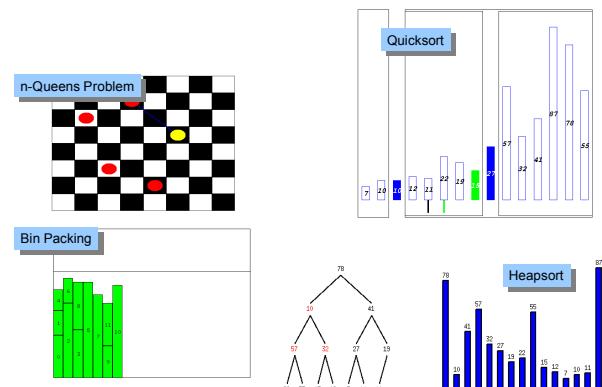
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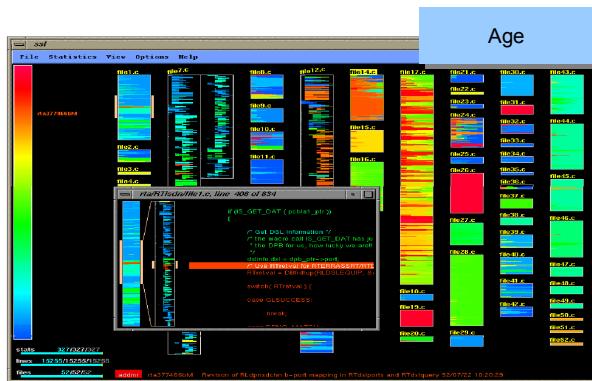
Stack Usage Visualization



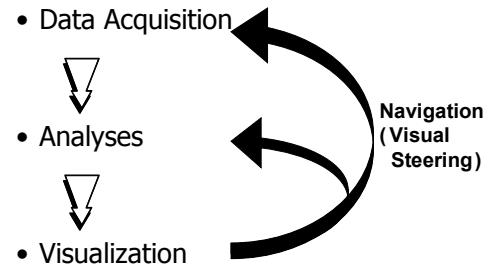
Algorithm Animation: X-Tango



Software Evolution: SeeSoft



Visualization Pipeline



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Application domains and the visualization pipeline

	Data Acquisition	Analysis	Visualization
Algorithm Animation			
Program Analysis			
(Visual) Debugging			
Software Design			
Software Evolution			
■ ■ ■			

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Preliminary schedule

1. Introduction (today)
2. Static Program Representations
3. Program Analyses
4. Algorithm Animation
5. Case Studies (in Education)
6. Information Visualization
7. Visualization of Software Architectures
8. Software Evolution and Metrics
9. Visual Debugging
10. Visual Programming
11. Visualization Pipeline -- revisited

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Organizational Issues

- Exercises (Übungen)
 - Practical programming projects (electronic submission)
 - Written exercises (e.g. drawing of diagrams)
 - One short presentation (5-10 minute)
- → 50% of points required for admission to Final Exam (Klausur) on February 12th.
- Infos on the web:
 - <http://www.cs.uni-sb.de/~diehl/SoftVisVorles>
 - Slides and additional information (e.g. download of software)
- Questions:
 - diehl@cs.uni-sb.de
 - **Room 432, Building 45**

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